## **Quarterly Examination 2017-2018**

Std. : IX Full Marks : 80

Subject: HISTORY / CIVICS Time: 2hrs.

Attempt all questions from Part I. A total of five questions are to be attempted from Part II, two out of three questions from Section A and three out of five questions from Section B.

## PART I [30 Marks] Attempt all questions.

[1x10=10]

- Q1. (a) Define the term: Urban area?
  - (b) Who is considered as the 'First citizen'? What is the term of Municipal corporation?
  - (c) Who elects the Mayor ? What is the term of Municipal commissioner ?
  - (d) Who are known as councillors? How are they elected?
  - (e) Mention two discretionary or optional functions of Municipal corporation.
  - (f) Name the main constituents of the Indian Parliament?
  - (g) By whom and on whose advice can the Lok Sabha be dissolved?
  - (h) How are the members of Lok-Sabha elected?
  - (i) Mention two advantages of Lok-Sabha?
  - (j) What is an adjournment Motion? Mention one situation when house will be adjourned?
- Q2. (a) Name four Ashramas into which the human life span was divided in vedic age.
  - (b) Name two women teachers who were considered gifted and respected during vedic age?
  - (c) Name any two ports of the Sangam age?
  - (d) Name three kingdoms mentioned in the Sangam text?
  - (e) Name two famous paintings of Leonardo da Vinci?
  - (f) In which country the first Printing press was set up? Who was known as father of Humanism?
  - (g) Explain the term Doctrine of Lapse ? Under what pretext was Awadh Annexed to the company's dominions ?
  - (h) Mention two ways in which the British expanded their territorial power in India ?
  - (i) In what way did the General Service Enlistment disregard the feelings of the Indian troops?
  - (i) What was the immediate cause of the first war of Independence?

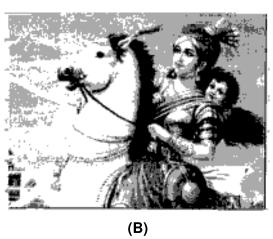
## PART II [50 Marks] SECTION A

Answer any two question from this section.

- Q3. The Lok-Sabha is the house of people. In this context answer the following :-
  - (a) Write the Composition of Lok-Sabha.

	(b)	Write any 3 Qualification for membership of Lok-Sabha?	[3]				
	(c)	Write any two functions of the speaker of Lok Sabha.	[2]				
	(d)	Explain the term Anti Defection Law and No. confidence motion.	[2]				
Q4.	With	reference to Municipal corporation, answer the following questions :—					
	(a)	State the composition of the General Council.	[3]				
	(b)	State the functions of the Mayor (any 3)	[3]				
	(c)	Give four points of Difference between a Municipal Committee and a Municipal corporation	? [4]				
Q5.	With	regard to the Municipal corporation, answer the following questions.					
	(a)	Describe the three wings of the Municipal committee.	[3]				
	(b)	State the compulsory functions of the Municipal corporation.	[3]				
	(c)	Write any Four functions of the Deputy commissioner.	[4]				
		SECTION B					
	Answer any three questions from this section.						
Q6.		reference to the economic and social organisation of the people in the vedic pe	r <b>iod</b> ,				
	answer the following :—						
	(a)	State the position of women in the vedic period.	[3]				
	(b)	How was trade managed during this period ?	[3]				
	(c)	Describe briefly the life in a Gurukul.	[4]				
Q7.	With	reference to the Sangam Age, answer the following questions :—					
	(a)	Explain briefly the functions of the four castes mentioned in the Talkappiyam ?	[4]				
	(b)	Name four divisions of the Tamilland and the occupations associated with each one of them	?[4]				
	(c)	Explain the position of women in sangam age ?	[2]				
Q8.		[½+½+1+	1+1]				





	(a)	i)	Identify there pictures ?				
		ii)	What was the main grievance against the British of the freedom fighter in picture '	'A'.			
		iii)	Why did the person in picture 'B' became the bitter enemy of the British ?				
		iv)	Name two states which became the victim to the Doctrine of lapse ?				
	b)	Expl	ain any three economic caused which led to the Revolt of 1867.	[3]			
	c)	Brief	ly explain the apprehensive about Modern Innovations.	[3]			
Q9. Renaissance was a period of activities and enquiry. In this context explain the follow							
	(a)	Decl	ine of Feudalism	[3]			
	(b)	New trade routes					
	(c)	Spiri	t of equity	[3]			
Q10. Varians causes were responsible for reformation. In this context explain the following :—							
	(a)	Ecor	nomic factors	[3]			
	(b)	Corr	uption in church	[3]			
	(c)	Rule	rs' resentment	[4]			